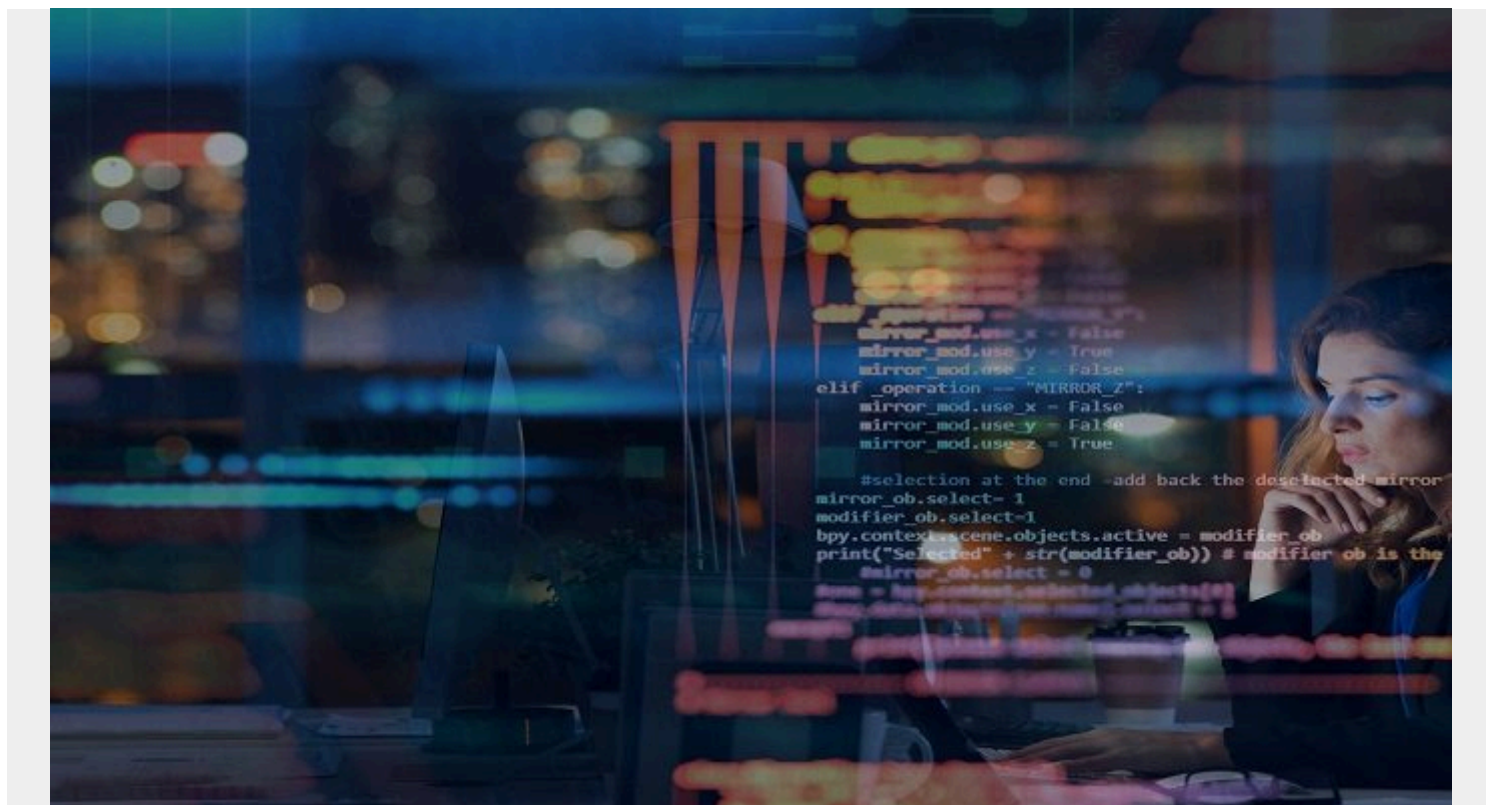


HOW TO ACCESS CHATGPT'S API USING JAVA



[ChatGPT](#) is an artificial intelligence-based (AI) chatbot developed by OpenAI, built on top of the organization's GPT-3.5 and GPT-4 large language models (LLM).

This blog post details how to write Java code to connect to OpenAI's REST API. Once you start, you can add more functionality to your code.

Creating your account with OpenAI

1. Create an account on <https://platform.openai.com>.
2. Under Menu => Personal, select "View API keys."

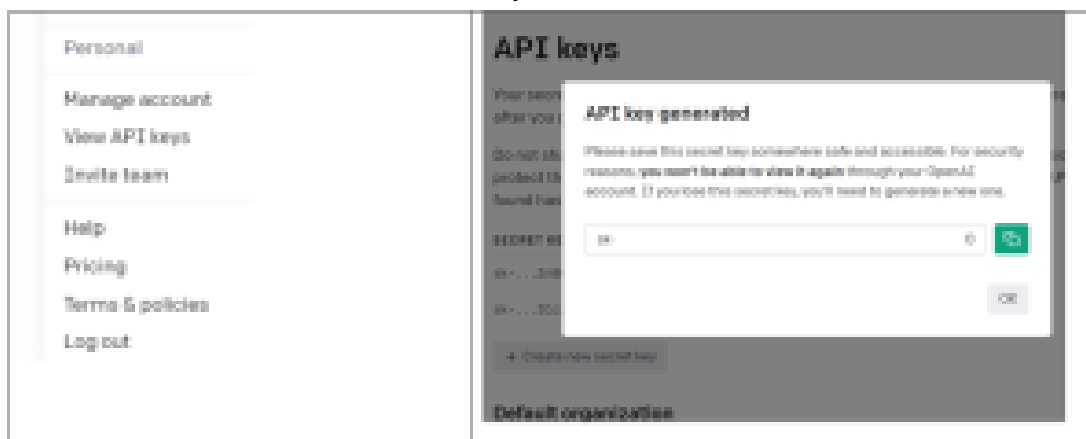
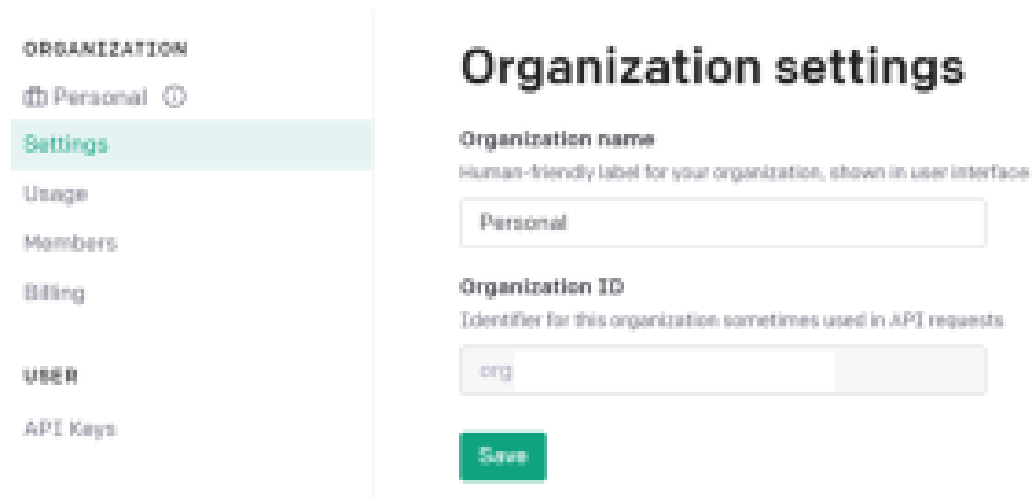


Figure 1. OpenAI's API key generation screen.

3. Create and save your API key for later use.
4. On the left-side Menu, select Organization =>Settings, and request that an "Organization ID" be generated. Copy this for later usage.



The screenshot shows the OpenAI organization settings interface. On the left, a sidebar under the heading 'ORGANIZATION' lists 'Personal', 'Settings' (highlighted), 'Usage', 'Members', and 'Billing'. Below this, under the heading 'USER', are 'API Keys' and 'API Keys'. The main content area is titled 'Organization settings'. It has two sections: 'Organization name' with a description 'Human-friendly label for your organization, shown in user interface' and an input field containing 'Personal'; and 'Organization ID' with a description 'Identifier for this organization sometimes used in API requests' and an input field containing 'org'. A green 'Save' button is located at the bottom of the form.

Figure 2. OpenAI's setup screen to create an Organization ID.

Java code

You'll need to create three files:

1. FileHelper.java

```
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileWriter;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.nio.charset.StandardCharsets;
import java.nio.file.Files;
import java.nio.file.Paths;
import java.util.LinkedList;
import java.util.List;
public class FileHelper {

    public static String readLinesAsString(File file) {
        List<String> returnLines = new LinkedList<String>();
        String text = "";
        try {
            text = new String(Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get(file.getAbsolutePath())),
                StandardCharsets.UTF_8);
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
        return text;
    }
}
```

```

public static List<String> readLines(File file) {
List<String> returnLines = new LinkedList<String>();
try {
String text = new
String(Files.readAllBytes(Paths.get(file.getAbsolutePath()))),
StandardCharsets.UTF_8);

String[] lines = text.split("\n");
for (String line : lines) {

returnLines.add(line);
}

} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();

}
return returnLines;
}

public static void writeStringToFile(String line, File file) {
try {
FileWriter myWriter = null;
if (file.exists()) {
myWriter = new FileWriter(file, true); //if file exists append to file.
Works fine.
} else {
System.out.println("Could not find the file " + file + ". Creating it
again");

file.createNewFile();
myWriter = new FileWriter(file);
}
myWriter.write(line);
myWriter.close();
// System.out.println("Successfully wrote to the file.
"+file.getAbsolutePath());
} catch (IOException e) {
e.printStackTrace();
System.out.println("An error occurred in writing to file " + file + " e="
+ e);

}
}
}

```

2. Request.json

```
{
"model": "text-davinci-003",
"prompt": "Which was the best selling car 2021 in USA?",
"max_tokens": 64,
"temperature": 0.5
}
```

3. ChatGPTAPIExample.java

```
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.InputStreamReader;
import java.io.OutputStream;
import java.net.HttpURLConnection;
import java.net.URL;
import java.nio.charset.StandardCharsets;

public class ChatGPTAPIExample {
public static void listTokens() {

try {

//This API will fetch the models available.
URL url = new URL("https://api.openai.com/v1/models");
HttpURLConnection con = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
con.setRequestMethod("GET");
con.setRequestProperty("Content-Type", "application/json");
con.setRequestProperty("Accept", "application/json");
//Make sure you put the right Organization key saved earlier.
con.setRequestProperty("OpenAI-Organization", "your-org-key");
con.setDoOutput(true);
//Make sure you put the right API Key saved earlier.
con.setRequestProperty("Authorization", "Bearer your-api-key");

int responseCode = con.getResponseCode();
System.out.println("Response Code : " + responseCode);

BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(
new InputStreamReader(con.getInputStream()));
String inputLine;
StringBuffer response = new StringBuffer();

while ((inputLine = in.readLine()) != null) {
response.append(inputLine);
}
in.close();

System.out.println(response);
```

```

} catch (Exception e) {
System.out.println(e.getMessage());
}

}

public static void prompts() {

try {

URL url = new URL("https://api.openai.com/v1/completions");
URLConnection con = (URLConnection) url.openConnection();
con.setRequestMethod("POST");
con.setRequestProperty("Content-Type", "application/json");
con.setRequestProperty("Accept", "application/json");
//Make sure you put the right Organization key saved earlier.
con.setRequestProperty("OpenAI-Organization", "your-org-key");
con.setDoOutput(true);
//Make sure you put the right API Key saved earlier.
con.setRequestProperty("Authorization", "Bearer your-api-key");

//Make sure to relace the path of the json file created earlier.
String jsonString = FileHelper.readLinesAsString(new
File("C:\\yourpath\\request.json"));

try (OutputStream os = con.getOutputStream()) {
byte[] input = jsonString.getBytes(StandardCharsets.UTF_8);
os.write(input, 0, input.length);
}

int responseCode = con.getResponseCode();
System.out.println("Response Code : " + responseCode);

BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(
new InputStreamReader(con.getInputStream()));
String inputLine;
StringBuffer response = new StringBuffer();

while ((inputLine = in.readLine()) != null) {
response.append(inputLine);
}
in.close();

System.out.println(response);
} catch (Exception e) {

```

```
System.out.println(e.getMessage());
}

}

public static void main(String[] args) {
    listTokens();
    prompts();
}
}
```

Compile and run them once you have the files created. You can build and run in a way that's most comfortable for you. For example, even using the command line should work, as follows:

```
javac *.java
java ChatGPTAPIExample
```

Sample output

Response Code : 200

```
{"id":"cmpl-6wFzNtira0jiFrmXHOUkjZpqtyNca","object":"text_completion","created":1679342505,"model":"text-davinci-003","choices":,"usage":{"prompt_tokens":10,"completion_tokens":22,"total_tokens":32}}
```

Conclusion

Now that you've learned how to get started connecting an application to OpenAI's API and can integrate it with other applications, you can take advantage of more of ChatGPT's capabilities. For more details, please refer to <https://platform.openai.com/docs/api-reference>.